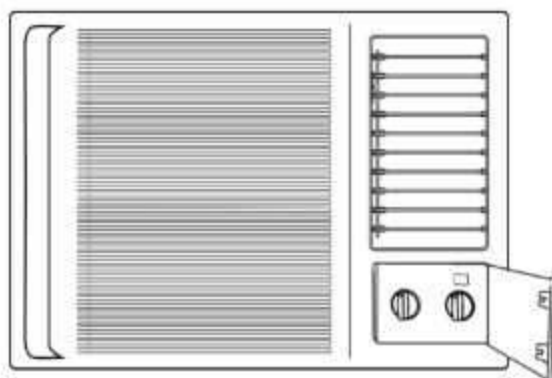




COMPACT SERIES

R32



WINDOW TYPE AIR CONDITIONER

USER'S MANUAL

MODELS : KAM-75CMC32
KAM-95CMC32
KAM-150CMC32

*Before using air conditioner, please read this manual
carefully and keep it for future reference*

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Read This Manual

In this manual you will find many helpful hints on how to use and maintain your air conditioner properly. Just a little preventive care on your part can save you a great deal of time and money over the life of your air conditioner. You'll find many answers to common problems in the chart of troubleshooting tips. If you review our chart of Troubleshooting tips first, you may not need to call for a service at all.

SOCIABLE REMARK

When using this unit in the European countries, the following information must be followed:

DISPOSAL: Do not dispose this product as unsorted municipal waste. Collection of such waste separately for special treatment is necessary.

It is prohibited to dispose of this appliance in domestic household waste.

For disposal, there are several possibilities:



- A) The municipality has established collection systems, where electronic waste can be disposed of at least free of charge to the user.
- B) When buying a new product, the retailer will take back the old product at least free of charge.
- C) The manufacturer will take back the old appliance for disposal at least free of charge to the user.
- D) As old products contain valuable resources, they can be sold to scrap metal dealers.

Wild disposal of waste in forests and landscapes endangers your health when hazardous substances leak into the ground-water and find their way into the food chain.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

To prevent any injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed. Incorrect operation due to ignoring of instructions may cause harm or damage. The seriousness is classified by the following indications.

 WARNING	This symbol indicates the possibility of death or serious injury.
 CAUTION	This symbol indicates the possibility of injury or damage to property.

WARNING

- Plug in the power plug properly. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock or fire due to excess heat generation.
- Do not operate or stop the unit by inserting or pulling out the power plug. It may cause electric shock or fire due to heat generation.
- Do not damage or use an unspecified power cord. It may cause electric shock or fire. If the power cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or an authorized service centre or a similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard.
- Do not modify power cord length or share the outlet with other appliances. It may cause electric shock or fire due to heat generation.
- Do not operate with wet hands or in damp environment.
It may cause electric shock.
- Do not focus directly the airflow to the occupants only. This could damage your health.
- Always ensure effective earthing. Incorrect earthing may cause electric shock.
- Do not allow any water to run into the electric parts. It may cause failure of machine or electric shock.
- Always install a circuit breaker and a dedicated power circuit. Incorrect installation may cause fire and electric shock.
- Unplug the unit or disconnect the power supply to the unit, if strange sounds, smell, or smoke comes from it. It may cause fire and electric shock.
- Do not use the socket if it is loose or damaged. It may cause fire and electric shock.
- Do not open the unit during operation. It may cause electric shock.
- Leave the door closed while the air conditioner is running. It is not designed to cool the entire house.

- Do not use the power cord close to heating appliances. It may cause fire and electric shock.
- Do not use the power cord near of any flammable gas or combustibles, such as gasoline, benzene, thinner, etc. It may cause an explosion or fire.
- Ventilate the room before operating air conditioner, if there is a gas leakage from another appliance. It may cause explosion, fire and burns.
- Do not disassemble or modify the unit. It may cause failure and electric shock.

CAUTION

- Turn off the unit first before removing the air filters.
- Do not clean the air conditioner with water. Water may enter the unit and degrade the insulation. It may cause an electric shock.
- Ventilate the room well when used together with a stove, etc. An oxygen shortage may occur.
- When the unit is to be cleaned, switch off, and turn off the circuit breaker. Do not clean the unit when the power is on as it may cause fire and electric shock, it may cause an injury.
- Do not put a pet or house plant where it will be exposed to direct air flow of the condensing side. This could injure the pet or plant.
- Do not use the unit for special purposes. Do not use this air conditioner to preserve precision devices, food, pets, plants, and art objects. It may cause deterioration of quality, etc.
- Stop the operation and close the window in storm or hurricane surge. Operation with windows opened may cause wetting of indoor and soaking of household furniture.
- Hold the plug by the head of the power plug when taking it out. It may cause electric shock and damage. If unplugged improperly.
- Turn off the main power switch if the unit is not used for a long time. It may cause failure of product or fire.
- Do not place obstacles around air-inlets or inside of air-outlet. It may cause failure of appliance or accident.
- Always insert the filters securely. Clean filter once every two weeks. Operation without filters may cause failure.

- Ensure that the installation bracket of the outdoor appliance is not damaged due to prolonged exposure. If the bracket is damaged, It can cause falling out of the unit.
- Do not use any strong detergents such as wax or thinner but use a soft cloth. Appearance may be deteriorated due to change of product color or scratching of its surface.
- Do not place any heavy object on the power cord and ensure that the cord is not compressed. It can cause of fire or electric shock.
- Do not drink the water that was drained from the air conditioner. It contains contaminants and could make you sick.
- Use caution when unpacking and installing. Sharp edges could cause injury.
- If water enters the unit, turn the unit off at the power outlet and switch off the circuit breaker. Isolate the supply by taking the power-plug out or disconnect the power supply to the unit, and contact a qualified service technician.
- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning the use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance. (be applicable for other countries except the European Countries)
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.

- Do not operate your air conditioner in a wet room such as a bathroom or laundry room.
- The appliance with electric heater shall have at least 1 meter space to the combustible materials.
- Contact the nearest Kolin authorized service center for repair or maintenance of this unit.
- Contact the Kolin authorized service center for installation of this unit.
- When there are wide differences between "USER'S MANUAL" and "Remote controller illustration" on the function description, the description on "USER'S MANUAL" shall prevail.
- If the air conditioner is knocked over during use, turn off the unit and unplug it from the main power supply or disconnect the power supply to the unit, immediately. Visually inspect the unit to ensure there is no damage.
- If you suspect the unit has been damaged, contact your nearest Kolin authorized service center for assistance.
- In a thunderstorm, the power must be cut off to avoid damage to the unit due to lightning.
- To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not use the fan with any solid-state speed control device.
- Do not run the cord under carpeting. Do not cover the cord with throw rugs, runners, or similar coverings. Do not route the cord under furniture or appliances. Arrange the cord away from traffic area and where it will not be tripped over.
- If connecting a power to a fixed wiring, an all-pole disconnection device which has at least 3mm clearances in all poles, and have a leakage current that may exceed 10mA, the residual current device (RCD) having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30mA, and disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring rules.
- How to fix the appliance to its support, please read the "installation instructions" section in this manual.
- All wiring must be performed strictly in accordance with the wiring diagram located inside of the unit.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS(prior to operation)

Preparing for operation

1. Contact the nearest Kolin authorized service center for installation.
2. Plug in the power plug properly.
3. Do not use a damaged or non-standard power cord.
4. Do not share the same outlet with other appliances.
5. Do not use an extension cord.
6. Do not start/stop operation by plugging/unplugging the power cord.

Usage

1. Exposure to direct airflow for an extended period of time could be hazardous to your health. Do not expose occupants, pets, or plants to direct airflow for extended periods of time.
2. Due to the possibility of oxygen deficiency, ventilate the room when used together with stoves or other heating devices.
3. Do not use this air conditioner for non-specified special purposes (e.g. Preserving precision devices, food, pets, plants, and art objects). Usage in such a manner could harm such property.

Cleaning and maintenance

1. Turn off and unplug the unit first before removing the filters.
2. For general cleaning, let Kolin authorized service center handle it to avoid technical problems and major accidents that might occur.
3. When cleaning and maintenance the unit, first make sure that the power and circuit breaker are turned off.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

WARNINGS (for using R290/R32 refrigerant only)

- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- Do not pierce or burn.
- Be aware that the refrigerants may not contain an odour.
- Appliance should be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than 4 m².
- Compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- Keep ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage from occurring.
- A warning that the appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation. Any person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorizes their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognized assessment specification.
- Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.







Caution: Risk of fire/
flammable materials

(Required for R32/R290 units only)



IMPORTANT NOTE: Read this manual carefully before installing or operating your new air conditioning unit. Make sure to save this manual for future reference.

Explanation of symbols displayed on the unit (For the unit adopts R32/R290 Refrigerant only):

	WARNING	This symbol shows that this appliance used a flammable refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked and exposed to an external ignition source, there is a risk of fire.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that the operation manual should be read carefully.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that a service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the installation manual.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that information is available such as the operating manual or installation manual.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

⚠ WARNINGS (for using R290/R32 refrigerant only)

1. Transport of equipment containing flammable refrigerants

See transport regulations

2. Marking of equipment using signs

See local regulations

3. Disposal of equipment using flammable refrigerants

See national regulations.

4. Storage of equipment/appliances

The storage of equipment should be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

5. Storage of packed (unsold) equipment

Storage package protection should be constructed such that mechanical damage to the equipment inside the package will not cause a leak of the refrigerant charge.

The maximum number of pieces of equipment permitted to be stored together will be determined by local regulations.

6. Information on servicing

A.) Checks to the Area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized. For repair to the refrigerating system, the following precautions shall be complied with prior to conducting work on the system.

B.) Work Procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

C.) General Work Area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by the control of flammable material.

D.) Checking for Presence of Refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

E.) Presence of Fire Extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, an appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

F.) No Ignition Sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. No Smoking signs shall be displayed.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

G.) Ventilated Area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

H.) Checks to the Refrigeration Equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;

The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;

If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;

Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;

Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

I.) Checks to Electrical Devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised. Initial safety checks shall include:

- That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking
- That there no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system
- That there is continuity of earth bonding.

7.Repairs to sealed components

A.)During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

B.)Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

NOTE: The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

8.Repair to intrinsically safe components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

9.Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

10.Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

11.Leak detection methods

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for systems containing flammable refrigerants. Electronic leak detectors shall be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work. If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/ extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

12.Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- Removing the refrigerant;
- Purge the circuit with inert gas;
- Evacuate;
- Purge again with inert gas;
- Open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be flushed with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.

Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

13. Charging procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed. Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.

- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.
- Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN. The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

14. Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- Isolate system electrically.
- Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
Mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
All personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
The recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
Recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

15. Labelling

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

16. Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

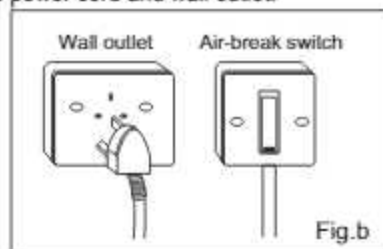
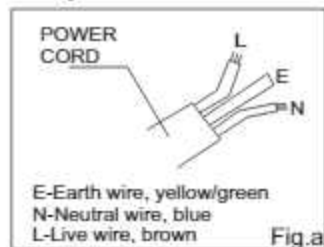
Operating Temperature

Cooling operation	Outdoor temp:	18-43°C/64-109°F (18-52°C/64-125°F for special tropical models)
	Indoor temp:	17-32°C/62-90°F
Heating operation	Outdoor temp:	-5-24°C/23-76°F
	Indoor temp:	0-27°C/32-80°F

Note: Performance may be reduced outside of these operating temperatures.

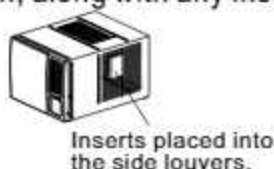
Power point requirement

1. Power cord conductors are distinguished according to color as follows (see Fig.a)
2. For your safety and protection, this unit is earthed through the power cord (see Fig.b)
Please contact the manufacturer or its service agent or a similar qualified person if you want to replace it.
3. Be sure that the unit is being correctly grounded. The wall outlet (Air-break switch) should be provided with reliable earth wire.
4. The unit should be provided with an individual circuit and the circuit breaker/fuse rating should be the same as that of the power cord and wall outlet.



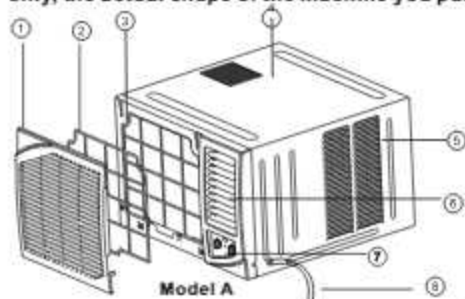
NOTE: To be in complete EN61000-3-11, the product KAM-75CMC32 shall be connected only to a supply of the system impedance: $|Z_{sys}|=0.156$ ohms or less; the product KAM-95CMC32 shall be connected only to a supply of the system impedance: $|Z_{sys}|=0.132$ ohms or less; the product KAM-150CMC32 shall be connected only to a supply of the system impedance: $|Z_{sys}|=0.077$ ohms or less. Before connecting the product to public power network, please consult your local power supply authority to ensure the power network meet above requirement.

CAUTION: Before installing, remove all packaging from inside the carton, along with any inserts placed into the side louvers.

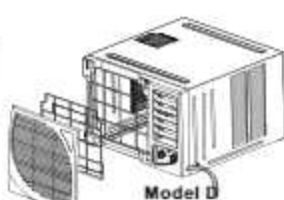
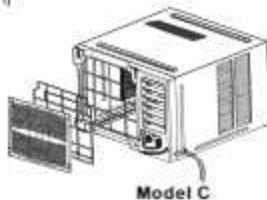


UNIT PARTS IDENTIFICATION

NOTE: The front panel and cabinet may be slightly different according to the models, but the functions are the same. The following illustration is for explanation purpose only, the actual shape of the machine you purchased may be slightly different.



1. Front panel
2. Air filter
3. Frame
4. Cabinet
5. Air inlet grille (outdoor side)
6. Air outlet grille
7. Operation knob
8. Power supply cord



Accessories

Seal (※)
(Used on
drain joint)



1 pc

Drain Joint (※)



1 pc

Drain Tray (※)



1 pc



1 pc

Wooden screw
(optional) (※)



8 pcs

Rubber Plug



1 pc or 2 pcs

Screw



2 pcs (for >18000Btu/h models only:
Used to tighten the front panel)
2 pcs or 4 pcs (Used to install the drain
tray)

NOTE: Optional parts (※), depending on model you purchased.

NOTE: All the illustrations in the manual are for explanation purpose only. Your air conditioner may be slightly different. The actual shape shall prevail.

Vent Control

The vent control is located above the control knobs. The operation method is different on different models (see the following figures).

For maximum cooling efficiency, CLOSE the vent. It will allow internal air circulation. OPEN the vent to discharge stale air.



CLOSE ← VENT → OPEN



CLOSE ← OPEN

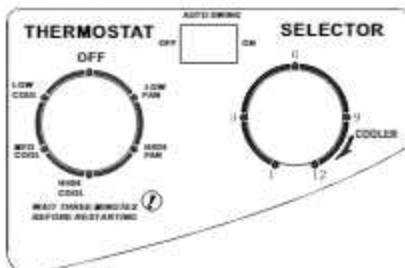
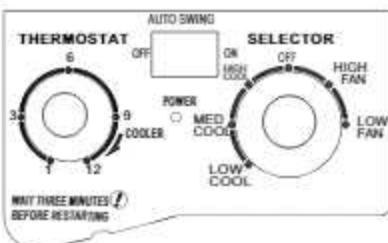
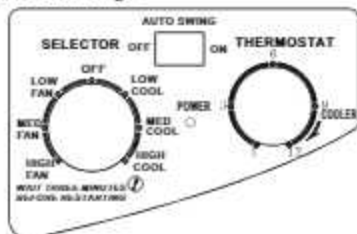
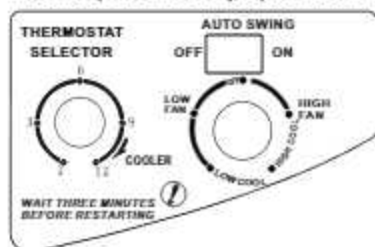
To open the vent, pull the lever toward you
To close it, push it in.

To open the vent, set the lever to the right position
To close it, set the lever to the left position.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

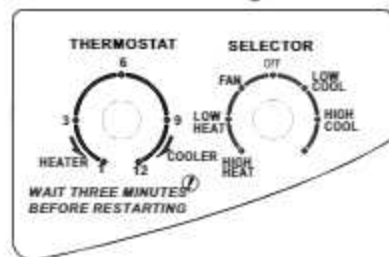
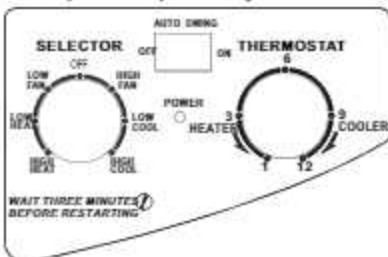
OPERATION PANEL(Models with cooling only)

The control panel of the unit you purchased may look like one of the followings:



OPERATION PANEL(Cooling & Heating models)

The operation panel of your unit would look like one of the following:



POWER indicator(optional): This indicator light remains on when the unit is on and goes off when the SELECTOR is on OFF position. On some models, COMP. Indicator light is on instead of *THE POWER indicator light. This indicator light shows the status of the compressor. When the compressor starts up, it lights on; when the compressor shuts down, it lights off.

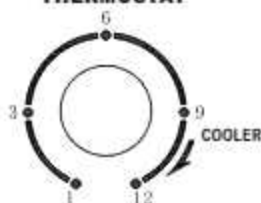
NOTE:

AUTO SWING switch is optional. All the illustrations in this manual are for explanation purpose only. Your air conditioner may be slightly different. The actual shape shall prevail.

Operation instructions

The controls featured in this manual are representative of many available models. Your model may offer slightly different features.

THERMOSTAT



Thermostat

The thermostat is used to set the desired room temperature when the unit is being operated in the COOL MODE.

To set the desired room temperature, rotate the thermostat switch to the desired setting. After the set temperature is achieved the thermostat will automatically start and stop the compressor in order to maintain the desired set temperature. Rotate the thermostat selector clockwise for higher cool settings. Higher cool settings will provide lower room temperature. Rotate the thermostat selector counter clockwise for lower cool settings. Lower cool settings will provide higher room temperature.

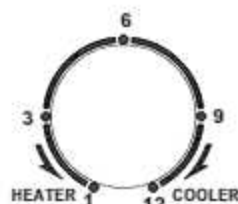
NOTE: During the cooling operation of the unit, when the thermostat knob is rotated clockwise, allow at least three minutes before turning back the knob to the "1" direction. Otherwise the fuse may blow due to an overload of the unit. **DO NOT** rotate the THERMOSTAT knob beyond the range from "1" to "12".

Thermostat

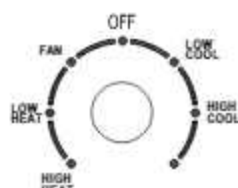
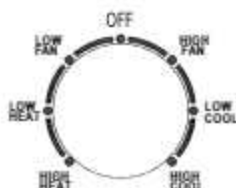
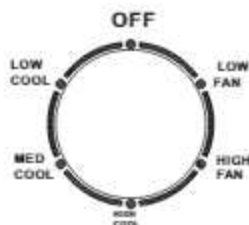
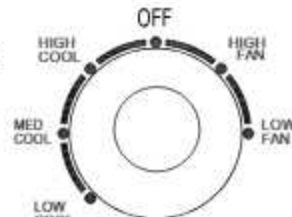
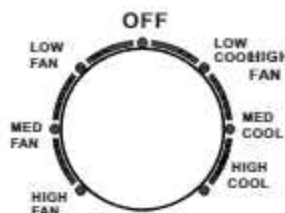
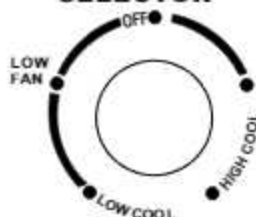
The thermostat is used to set the desired room temperature when the unit is being operated in the COOL MODE.

To set the desired room temperature, rotate the thermostat switch to the desired setting. The temperature you are setting gets higher from "6" to "1", lower from "6" to "12". After the set temperature is achieved, the thermostat will automatically start and stop the compressor in order to maintain the desired set temperature.

NOTE: During the cooling operation of the unit, when the thermostat knob is rotated clockwise, allow at least three minutes before turning back the knob to the "COOLER" or "HEATER" direction. Otherwise the fuse may blow due to an overload of the unit. For the unit adopts PTC heater, when the SELECTOR is set to HIGH HEAT or LOW HEAT, the THERMOSTAT is disabled. You cannot use the THERMOSTAT to adjust the temperature.



SELECTOR



The controls featured in this manual are representative of many available models. Your model may offer slightly different features.

The desired cool/Heat setting is selected by rotating the knob to the right to the appropriate location.

"HIGH COOL" for maximum cooling effect and airflow.

"MED COOL" for intermediate cooling effect and airflow.

"LOW COOL" for minimum cooling effect and airflow.

"HIGH HEAT" for maximum heating effect and airflow.

"LOW HEAT" for minimum heating effect and airflow.

"OFF" will completely shut off the unit.

"HIGH FAN" permits high fan speed operation without cooling effect.

"MED FAN" permits med fan speed operation without cooling effect.

"LOW FAN" permits low fan speed operation without cooling effect.

"FAN" permits high fan speed operation without cooling effect

Note: When selecting a fan speed, the compressor will not run.

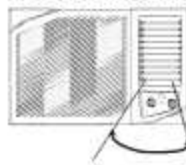
Note

When turning the SELECTOR knob from "LOW COOL(HEAT)" to "HIGH COOL(HEAT)", keep your speed slow as far as possible. Do not change the operation mode between "LOW COOL(HEAT)" and "HIGH COOL(HEAT)" too often.

ADJUSTING OF AIR FLOW DIRECTION

Horizontal airflow adjustment

For the units with AUTO SWING feature(automatically)(on some models):



When the AUTO SWING switch is turned to „ON„ position, the vertical louvers automatically oscillate right and left sweeping the cold air alternately to obtain comfortable cooling. The vertical louvers may be stopped at any position when the AUTO SWING switch is turned "OFF".

For the units without AUTO SWING feature(manually):



Hand-operating lever

To adjust horizontal airflow direction, move the lever gently to the left or right by hand until the desired horizontal airflow direction is obtained.

NOTE: Only For the units with hand-operating lever.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS(continued)

Vertical air flow adjustment (manually)

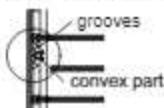


Airflow in vertical direction can be changed by adjusting horizontal louver manually when the unit is running.

NOTE: Adjusting angle of horizontal louver depends on models.

1. To avoid generating condensing water on the surface of horizontal louver, horizontal louver should not be at the maximum upwards or downwards angle position for a long time in cooling or drying mode.

2. Please adjust the horizontal louver by holding the convex part between the grooves.(if any)



Air Filter

The air filter behind the inlet grille should be checked and cleaned at least once every 2 weeks (or as necessary) to maintain optimal performance of the air conditioner.

How to remove the air filter

Turn off the unit, disconnect /unplug from the power supply.

1. Hold the slot under the front panel, then uplift it outwards, and remove the front panel.
2. Pinch the handle under the air filter and make the air filter arched, remove it from the slot from underside to upside.
3. Clean the filter with warm, soapy water. The water should be below 40°C to prevent distortion of the filter.
4. Rinse off and gently shake off excess water from the filter. Allow the filter to dry before replacing it. To prevent distortion of the filter, do not dry in direct sunlight.



Cabinet Cleaning

- Be sure to unplug the air conditioner to prevent shock or fire hazard. The cabinet and front may be dusted with an oil-free cloth or washed with a cloth dampened in a solution of warm water and mild liquid dishwashing detergent. Rinse thoroughly and wipe dry.
- Never use harsh cleaners, wax or polish on the cabinet front.
- Be sure to wring excess water from the cloth before wiping around the controls.
- Excess water in or around the controls may cause damage to the air conditioner.
- Plug in air conditioner.

NOTE: Never use water over 50°C, alcohol, gasoline, acid, solvent or brush to clean the front panel as this will damage the surface of the part.

Winter Storage

If you plan to store the air conditioner during the winter, remove it carefully from the window according to the installation instructions. Cover it with plastic or return it to the original carton.



CAUTION



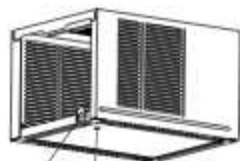
NEVER operate the air conditioner without the air filter, as dust/dirt particles can contribute to equipment failure.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS(continued)

Drainage

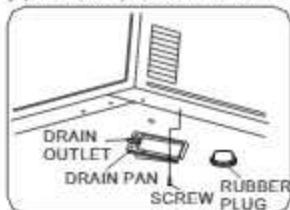
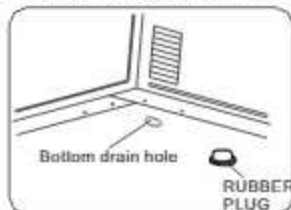
To treat condensed water will be as follows:

1. Bottom drainage. Connect drain hose to the bottom drain tray. It will slightly affect the cooling performance, but will reduce the noise caused by spraying the condensed water.
Note: Only optional for models with bottom drain hole. For pump heating, the bottom drainage must be chosen.
2. Back drainage. Connect drain hose to the back drainage hole. It will slightly affect cooling performance, but will reduce the noise caused by spraying the condensed water.
3. Non-drainage. Block the drain hole(s) by rubber plug(s).
The condensed water will be sprayed to condenser, and will improve the cooling performance.



Installation procedures of bottom drainage:

- Remove the rubber plug from the bottom of cabinet(if installed).
- Take out the drain tray and screws from accessory.
- Fix the drain tray onto the bottom of cabinet by screws.
- Connect an extension drain hose (locally purchased) to the outlet of drain tray.



Installation procedures of back drainage:

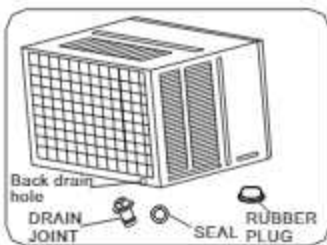
- Fit the seal (provided as accessory) onto the drain joint.
- Insert the drain joint to the back drainage hole, and rotate it by 90° to be well fitted.
- Connect an extension drain hose (locally purchased) to the drain joint.
- Make sure block the bottom drain hole by rubber plug.

Note: Drain hose is locally purchased according to installation length request.

NOTE: If you choose non-drainage when cooling, both the bottom and the back drain holes of the unit should be inserted with rubber plugs. When you choose non-drainage the air conditioner cooling efficiency will be perfect, but can cause noise due to the spraying of condensed water.

NOTE: The rated cooling performance is tested under non-drainage status.

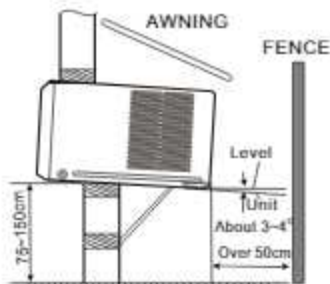
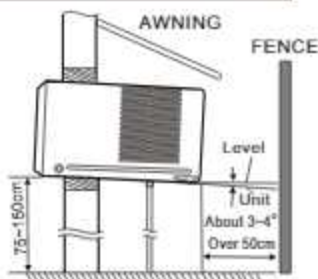
NOTE: Make sure that water will not leak from the surrounding area when rubber plug and joint were used. Please seal it in case leakage is found.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: Before installing, remove all packaging from inside the carton, along with any inserts placed into the side louvers.

Select the best location



1. To avoid vibration and noise, make sure the unit is installed securely and firmly. Install the unit where the sunlight does not shine directly on the unit. If the unit is exposed to direct sunlight, build an awning to shade the cabinet.
2. There should be no obstacle, such as a fence or wall, within 50cm from the back of the cabinet because it will prevent heat radiation of the condenser. Restriction of outside air will greatly reduce the cooling and heating efficiency of the air conditioner.
3. Install the unit a little obliquely downward to outside not to leak the condensed water into the room (about 3~4° with level).
4. Install the unit with its bottom portion 75~150cm above the floor level.
5. The power cord must be connected to an independent circuit. The yellow/green wire must be grounded.

CAUTION

All side louvers of the cabinet must remain exposed to the outside of the structure.

Installation of the Housing

Step 1

Remove the air conditioner from its packaging, remove fixing screws and slide the air conditioner out of its housing (Refer to Installation Steps).

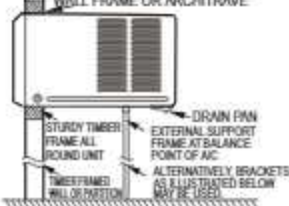
Step 2

Prepare the hole in the wall so that the bottom of the housing is well supported, the top has minimum clearance and the air inlet louvers have clearance as shown below in options A and B. Holes from the outside through to the cavity should be sealed. The housing should slope down towards the rear by about 5mm to allow water formed during operation to drain.

Step 3

Install the housing into the wall and secure. Ensure the foam seals are not damaged. Flash, seal or fill gaps around the inside and outside to provide satisfactory appearance and protection against the weather, insects and rodents.

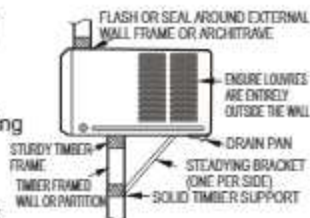
NOTE: UNIT MAY BE SUPPORTED BY A SOLID FRAME FROM BELOW OR BY A HANGER FROM A SOLID OVERHEAD SUPPORT. FLASH OR SEAL AROUND EXTERNAL WALL FRAME OR ARCHITRAVE.



Preferred method of installation into a timber framed wall, partition or window.

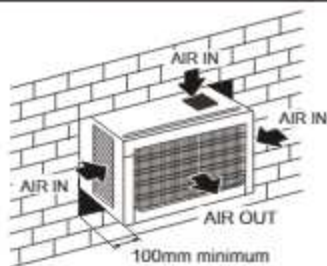
Installation of the unit into the Housing

1. Slide the unit into the housing until it is firmly against the rear of the housing. Care is required to ensure the foam sealing strips on the housing remain in position.
2. Connect the air conditioner to the power and position excess cord length beneath the air conditioner base.
3. Engage the chassis fixing brackets into the bottom housing rail and secure to the base with the screw provided.
4. Remove the front panel from it's carton and plastic bag and fit as per the Installation Instruction.
5. Switch unit on. Check for operation of the unit and check for vibration in the installation.
6. Fit the drain pan to the housing and run a drain line to a suitable location if required.

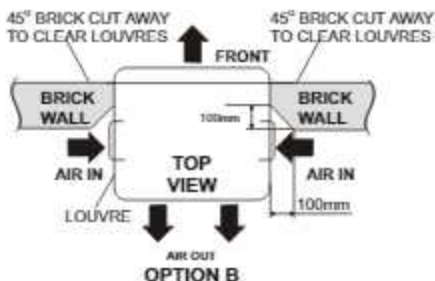


Alternative method of installation if external support cannot be provided.

Installations of the unit into the wall



OPTION A



OPTION B

Installation Steps

Step 1. Remove the front panel and the air filter

1. Hold the slot under the front panel, then uplift it outwards, and remove the front panel (See Fig.1).
2. Pinch the handle under the air filter and make the air filter arched, remove it from the slot from underside to upside (See Fig.2).

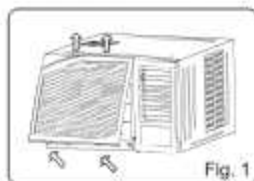


Fig. 1

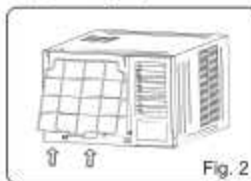


Fig. 2



Fig. 3A

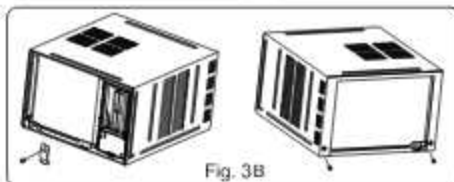


Fig. 3B

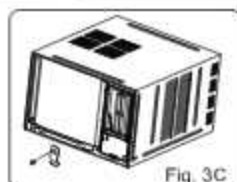


Fig. 3C

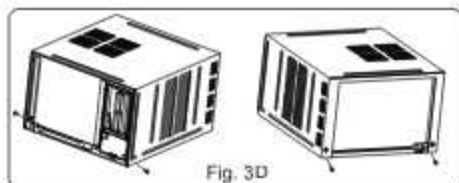


Fig. 3D

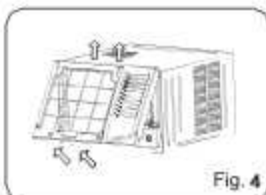


Fig. 4

Step 2. Remove the frame.

- To meet different requirement of different type of air conditioner, there are four kinds of removing the frame.
 - Remove the two screws on the left and right chassis fixing brackets, then remove the two chassis fixing brackets as shown in Fig.3A.
 - Remove one screw on the chassis fixing bracket, then remove the chassis fixing bracket. Remove the two screws located on the back of the cabinet as shown in Fig.3B.
 - Remove one screw on the chassis fixing bracket, then remove the chassis fixing bracket as shown in Fig.3C.
 - Remove the four screws located on both sides and the back of the cabinet as shown in Fig.3D.
- Grasp the left corner in the frame's underside, then loosen the frame (See Fig.4).

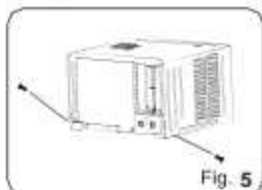


Fig. 5



Fig. 6

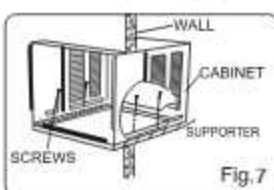


Fig. 7

Step 3. Installation.

- Remove the screws fix on the chassis-fixing board and cabinet. Some Models have two more screws on the back of the cabinet. (see Fig.5)
- Grasp the handle on the chassis and carefully slide the air conditioner out of the cabinet. (See Fig.6)
- When need to drain off water, install the drain plug on the Chassis board. Then fix the cabinet on the supporter (provide for yourself or contact the dealer)(see Fig.7).
- Push the unit chassis into the cabinet. (see Fig.8)
- Fix the chassis and cabinet. (see Fig.5)

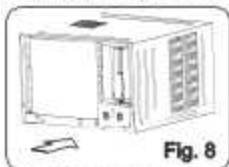


Fig. 8



Fig. 9

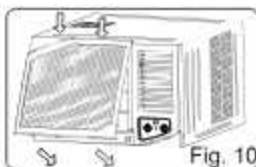


Fig. 10

Step 4. Install the frame.

- Install the frame. (See Fig.9).
- Fix the screws on the frame (See Fig.3A,3B,3C,3D).

Step 5. Install the air filter and front panel.

- Install the air filter into the frame's slot from upside to underside (See Fig.2).
- Hang the front panel on the frame's buckle, then press the front panel into the frame's slot until you hear a click (See Fig.10).

TROUBLESHOOTING

Before calling for a service, review this list. It may save you time and money. This list includes common occurrences that are not the result of defective workman-ship or materials in this appliance.

Problem	Solution
Air conditioner does not start	<p>Wall plug disconnected. Push plug firmly into the wall outlet.</p> <p>House fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped. Replace fuse with time delay type or reset the circuit breaker.</p> <p>Selector Control in OFF position. Turn selector to the desired FAN or COOL setting.</p> <p>Unit turned off by moving thermostat to a higher number and then immediately turning back to a colder number. Wait approximately 3 minutes. Listen for compressor to start.</p> <p>Unit turned off and then on too quickly. Turn unit off and wait 3 minutes before restarting.</p> <p>Thermostat set too low. Adjust the thermostat to higher number for cooling.</p> <p>Turn selector to a higher COOL position.</p>
Air from unit does not feel cold enough	<p>Thermostat set too warm. Set thermostat to colder temperature.</p> <p>Room temperature below 18°C (64°F). Cooling may not occur until room temperature rises above 18°C (64°F).</p> <p>Temperature sensing tube touching the cold coil, located behind air filter. Straighten tube away from coil.</p>
Air conditioner cooling, but room is too warm- ice forming on cooling coil behind decorative front.	<p>Outdoor temperature below 18°C (64°F). To defrost the coil, set selector to FAN position. Then, set thermostat to warmer position.</p> <p>Air filter may be dirty. Clean filter. Refer to Care and Cleaning section. To defrost, set selector to FAN.</p> <p>Thermostat set too cold for night-time cooling. To defrost the coil, set selector to a FAN position. Then, set thermostat to a warmer position.</p>
Air conditioner cooling, but room is too warm- NO ice forming on cooling coil behind decorative front.	<p>Dirty air filter- air restricted. Clean the air filter. Refer to Care and Cleaning section.</p> <p>Thermostat set too warm. Turn thermostat clockwise to a colder setting.</p> <p>Air directional louvers positioned improperly. Position louvers for better air distribution.</p> <p>Front of units is blocked by drapes, blinds, furniture, etc. - restricts air distribution. Clear blockage in front of unit.</p> <p>Doors, windows, registers, etc. Open- cold air escapes. Close doors, windows, registers.</p> <p>Unit recently turned on in hot room. Allow additional time to remove the "Stored heat" from walls, ceiling, floor and furniture.</p>
Air conditioner turns on and off rapidly	<p>Dirty air filter- air restricted. Clean air filter.</p> <p>Outside temperature extremely hot. Set to high cool to bring air past cooling coils more frequently.</p>
Noise when unit is cooling	<p>Air movement sound. This is normal. If too loud, turn selector to lower FAN setting.</p> <p>Sound of fan hitting water-moisture removal system. This is normal when humidity is high. Close doors, windows and registers.</p> <p>Window vibration - poor installation. Refer to installation instructions or check with installer.</p>
Water dripping INSIDE when unit is cooling.	<p>Improper installation. Tilt air conditioner slightly to the outside to allow water drainage. Refer to installation instructions - check with installer.</p>
Water dripping OUTSIDE when unit is cooling.	<p>Unit removing large quantity of moisture from humid room. This is normal during excessively humid days.</p>

SPECIFICATIONS

Unit dimensions:

MODEL (Btu/h)	BODY DIMENSION(mm) (W X H X D)
5000~6000	445X320X415
	450X346X535
7000~9000	450X346X535
	450X346X585
9000~12000	560X400X640
	600X380X560
15000~16000	660X434X620
15000~24000	660X428X680
	660X428X780

NOTE: Value of D is for reference only.

Minimum nominal cross-sectional area of conductors:

Rated current of appliance(A)	Nominal cross-sectional area(mm ²)
>3 and ≤ 6	0.75
>6 and ≤ 10	1
>10 and ≤ 16	1.5
>16 and ≤ 25	2.5

Suggest Minimum Wire Size(AWG:American Wire Gage):

Appliance Amps	AWG Wire Size
10	18
13	16
18	14
25	12
30	10

The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice for product improvement. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details. Any updates to the manual will be uploaded to the service website, please check for the latest version.



Kolin Phils. Int'l, Inc.

SERVICE CENTERS

BRANCH	ADDRESS	TEL. NO.
Bacolod	Door #A-2 & A-3 UTC Bldg., Alunan St., Brgy. Singcang, Bacolod City	(034) 433-0031
Cagayan De Oro	Door #3 De oro Land Bldg., Julio Pacana St., Puntod, Cagayan De Oro City	(088) 856-4672
Cebu	Unit #6 A. Geson Bldg., D. Jakosalem cor. F. Ramos St., Cebu City	(032) 253-9997 / (032) 253-7944
Dagupan	Unit #1107 Caranglaan District, Dagupan City Pangasinan	(075) 523-2832
Davao	Blk 17 Lot 9, Calamansi St., Juna Subd., Matina, Davao City	(082) 227 - 7063
Iloilo	Door #4 D' Appliance Arcade, South Fundidor, Moli, Iloilo City	(033) 336-1970
Pampanga	LRK Commercial Bldg., Jose Abad Ave., Lagundi Mexico, Pampanga	(045) 455-2934

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Youtube: kolinphilippines
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Website: www.kolinphil.com.ph

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